Subject: Home Science

	of paper: Clothing and textiles no.: HS-403			
Semester: 4 th Semester				
I. Cho	ose the correct answer: $(25x1=25)$			
1.	The upright metal rod fitted on the top of the arm to hold the thread reel is (a) Head			
	(b) Bed(c) Hand wheel			
	(d) Spool pin			
2.	The measurement taken from the centre of the shoulder line to the bust point is			
	(a) Waist back length			
	(b) Shoulder to bust			
	(c) Waist front length			
	(d) Across shoulder			
3.	A mechanism fixed to the face plate for controlling the quality of the stitches is			
	(a) Tension regulator			
	(b) Thread take-up bar			
	(c) Needle bar			
	(d) Presser foot			
4.	should be such that the garment should neither be too loose nor too tight.			
	(a) Set			
	(b) Ease			
	(c) Balance			
	(d) Grain			
5.	The measurement taken from the nape of the neck over the spine to the waistline is			
	(a) Across back			
	(b) Side measurement			
	(c) Centre back			
	(d) Waist front length			
6.	The direction of the yarns in a fabric is			
	(a) Bias			
	(b) Gusset			
	(c) Grain			
	(d) Ease			
7.	The circumference lines includes			

	(a) Hem
	(b) Side seam
	(c) Shoulder line
	(d) Wrist line
8.	is done so that the fabric does not stretch while stitching or handling. (a) Slash
	(b) Stay stitching
	(c) Shrinking
	(d) Pressing
9.	The measurement taken around the widest portion of the hips with two fingers inside
	the tape is
	(a) Round hip
	(b) Round waist
	(c) Skirt length
	(d) Round upper arm
10.	When the bobbin is wound fully or unevenly, it can cause
	(a) Upper thread tension too tight
	(b) Breaking up of the needle
	(c) Upper thread breaking
	(d) Lower thread tension
11.	Shoulder seam should be exactly on top of the shoulder about towards
	the back.
	(a) 1½ inch
	(b) 2½ inch
	(c) 1 inch
	(d) 2 inch
12.	A basic pattern or a block pattern which is a perfectly plain pattern to fit into a particular individual is referred to as
	(a) Drafting
	(b) Pattern
	(c) Draping
	(d) None of the above
13.	The measurement taken from the armpit to wrist on the straight arm is
	(a) Outside arm length
	(b) Round wrist
	(c) Under arm length
	(d) Round bust

14.	Which one of the following is a time saving method?		
	(a) Drafting		
	(b) Pattern		
	(c) Draping		
	(d) None of the above		
15.	The measurement taken straight across the chest which is half way between the scye		
	and the shoulder line is		
	(a) Across front		
	(b) Side measurement		
	(c) Waist front length		
	(d) Across back		
16.	are salts of organic acids and sodium or potassium.		
	(a) Mordant dyes		
	(b) Acid dyes		
	(c) Reactive dyes		
	(d) Basic dyes		
17.	The conventional ceremonial shawls worn by the Hindu bride at her wedding is		
	known as		
	(a) Kutch Phulkari		
	(b) Dacca Sarees		
	(c) Chanderi Sarees		
	(d) Punjabi Phulkari		
18.	The measurement taken around the fullest part of the bust in front and over the lower		
	part of shoulder blades in the back is		
	(a) Round waist		
	(b) Round neck		
	(c) Round hip		
	(d) Round bust		
19.	were developed for dyeing cellulose acetate in 1922.		
	(a) Disperse dyes		
	(b) Sulphur dyes		
	(c) Pigment dyes		
	(d) Developed dyes		
20.	In printing, the printing is done on both the sides.		
	(a) Photo		
	(b) Duplex		
	(c) Transfer		
	(d) Discharge		

21.	The design consisting of different types of floral motif and is woven on the lower part of the Mizo Puan usually in the form of creepers is known as (a) Par zam (b) Siki par (c) Sawhthing par (d) Arsi par
22.	Dyeing a staple fibre before it is spun is referred to as (a) Garment dyeing (b) Piece dyeing (c) Top dyeing (d) Stock dyeing
23.	In, yarn is wound on a perforated beam, immersed in a tank and under pressure. (a) Package dyeing (b) Skein dyeing (c) Warp beam dyeing (d) Pad dyeing
24.	printing is originated in America and is known as Air dye process. (a) Resist (b) Pigment (c) Direct roller (d) Screen
25.	The method in which long lengths of cloth are dyed on a continuous process by passing the fabric in tension free rope form through the dyebath is known as (a) Beck dyeing (b) Pad dyeing (c) Jig dyeing (d) Jet dyeing
Fill	in the blanks: $(15x1=15)$
	The yarns which runs across the fabric from selvedge to selvedge indicates the direction of the yarns.
2)	A small oblong metal device with teeth which carries the material along as it is stitch is known as
3)	If the upper and lower tension is too tight or too loose while stitching, it can cause

II.

4) The scientific study of measurement of human body is known as		
5) The foundation of good stitching is		
6) is an important equipment for taking body measurement.		
7) Drafting is also referred to as		
8) The final piece of paper ready to place on the fabric is referred to as		
9) Exact fitted garment can be stitched without trying again and again by		
method.		
10) is the irreversible application of colour on a textile substrate.		
11) is a kind of localised dyeing.		
12) The dyes which are extracted from leaves, barks, pods, flowers or fruits of some trees		
are known as		
13) Yarn wound on spools, cones, or similar units and dyed is referred to as		
yarn.		
14) The first coal tar dye was called		
15) printing was originated in Japan.		
16) Well fitted garments not only provide comfort but give to the wearer.		
17) is the line which is drawn on each pattern piece to indicate the direction		
in which a pattern is to be placed relating to the selvedge.		
18) Freedom from is required for a good fit garment.		
19) Draft has no seam allowance but only		
20) Direct dyes are soluble in water and are chiefly composed of and		
21) printing was originated in Japan.		
Key answers:		
I. Multiple choice questions:		
1. (d)		
2. (b)		
3. (a)		
4. (b)		
5. (c)		
6. (c)		
7. (d)		
8. (b)		

9. (a)

10. (d)

11. (c)

12. (a)

13. (c)	
14. (c)	
15. (a)	
16. (b)	
17. (d)	
18. (d)	
19. (a)	
20. (b)	
21. (a)	
22. (d)	
23. (c)	
24. (b)	
25. (a)	
II. Fill in the blanks:	
1. weft	
2. feed dog	
3. irregular stitching	
4. anthropometry	
5. correct measurements	
6. measuring tape	
7. sloper	
8. pattern	
9. draping	
10. dyeing	
11. printing	
12. vegetable dyes	
13. packaged dyed	
14. basic dye	
15. stencil	
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