

2025

(NEP—2020)

(5th Semester)

BIOCHEMISTRY (MAJOR3/MINOR)**(Immunology)***Full Marks : 75**Time : 3 hours**The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions***(SECTION : A—OBJECTIVE)***(Marks : 10)*

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided :

1×10=10

1. Which cytokine is secreted by virus-infected cells in order to protect uninfected cells?
 - (a) Interferon ()
 - (b) Interleukin ()
 - (c) Tumor necrosis factor ()
 - (d) Transforming growth factor ()
2. The immune cells which defend the body against multicellular parasitic worms are
 - (a) eosinophils ()
 - (b) neutrophils ()
 - (c) mast cells ()
 - (d) dendritic cells ()
3. The immunoglobulin found in breast milk and saliva is
 - (a) IgG ()
 - (b) IgM ()
 - (c) IgD ()
 - (d) IgA ()

4. The presentation of foreign peptides is performed by
 (a) MHC I () (b) MHC II ()
 (c) MHC III () (d) All of the above ()
5. Which of the following statements about antibodies is not true?
 (a) They activate the complement system. ()
 (b) They can neutralize the pathogens. ()
 (c) They are lipids in nature. ()
 (d) They are found on the surface of B-lymphocytes. ()
6. Which of the following is CD8+ cell?
 (a) Cytotoxic T-cell () (b) Helper T-cell ()
 (c) Regulatory T-cell () (d) Memory T-cell ()
7. Antigens that are identical and exist on the cell surface of plants, animals and bacteria are known as
 (a) autoantigens () (b) alloantigens ()
 (c) cross-reactive antigen () (d) heterophile antigens ()
8. The strength of a bond between a particular paratope of antibody and a single antigenic determinant is
 (a) intermolecular force () (b) affinity ()
 (c) avidity () (d) bonus effect ()
9. Which immune cell is destroyed by HIV?
 (a) C428+ () (b) CD4+ ()
 (c) CD8+ () (d) B7+ ()
10. Which of the following is not a clinical stage of rejection?
 (a) Secondary rejection () (b) Acute rejection ()
 (c) Hyperacute rejection () (d) Chronic rejection ()

(SECTION : B—SHORT ANSWERS)

(Marks : 15)

Write short notes on *five* from the following, taking at least *one* from each Unit :

3×5=15

UNIT—I

1. Types of cytokines
2. Haematopoietic formation of immune cells

UNIT—II

3. Types of T-cells
4. Antibody-mediated cell toxicity

UNIT—III

5. Differences between exogenous and endogenous antigen
6. Structure of MHC class I antigen

UNIT—IV

7. Type I hypersensitivity
8. Chronic rejection

(SECTION : C—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

Answer *five* questions, taking at least *one* from each Unit : 10×5=50

UNIT—I

1. What are the beneficial immune functions of the complement system?
Explain the classical complement pathway in detail. 3+7=10
2. Write notes on the structures and functions of
 - (a) macrophages;
 - (b) neutrophils. 5+5=10

UNIT—II

3. Explain the structure and function of the different classes of immunoglobulins. 10
4. Give a detailed account of B-cell activation. 10

UNIT—III

5. What are the characteristics of antigen-antibody interaction? Explain the process of agglutination and complement fixation. 2+4+4=10
6. Define antigen-presenting cells. Give a detailed account of antigen processing and presentation by class II MHC pathway. 2+8=10

UNIT—IV

7. Write short notes on the following : 5+5=10
 - (a) Systemic lupus erythematosus
 - (b) Multiple sclerosis
8. What are the different types of vaccine? Explain the nature and advantages of live vaccines and subunit vaccines. 7+3=10
